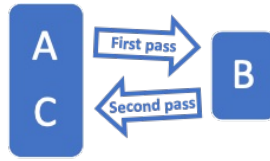
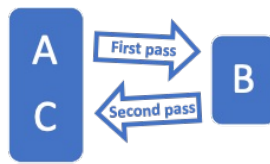


# Practice Question A0



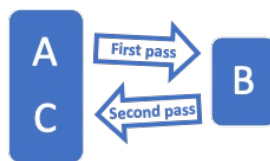
Do not turn over until instructed to do so

# Practice Question A0



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# Practice Question A0



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**A0.**

What is the 11<sup>th</sup> prime number?

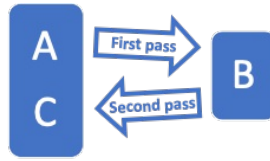
**A0.**

What is the 11<sup>th</sup> prime number?

**A0.**

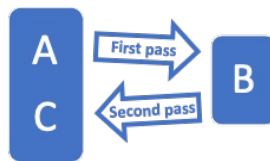
What is the 11<sup>th</sup> prime number?

# Question A1



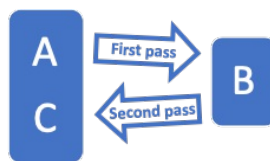
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# Question A1



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# Question A1



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**A1.**

Find  $N$  if  $\log_2 N$  is the real number solution to  $4^x = 2^x + 6$ .

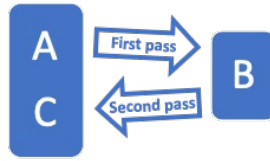
**A1.**

Find  $N$  if  $\log_2 N$  is the real number solution to  $4^x = 2^x + 6$ .

**A1.**

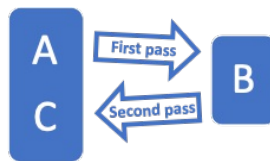
Find  $N$  if  $\log_2 N$  is the real number solution to  $4^x = 2^x + 6$ .

# Question A2



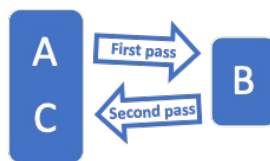
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# Question A2



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# Question A2



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**A2.**

In what base is the equation  $(24)^2 = 642$  true?

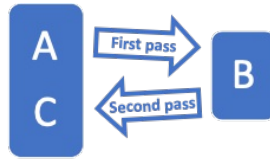
**A2.**

In what base is the equation  $(24)^2 = 642$  true?

**A2.**

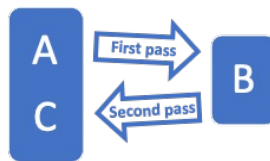
In what base is the equation  $(24)^2 = 642$  true?

# Question A3



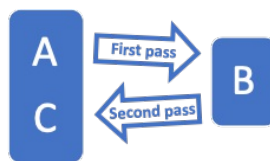
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# Question A3



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# Question A3



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**A3.**

Evaluate  $25^{\frac{1}{\log(25)}}$ . (Note: Logarithm is base 10.)

**A3.**

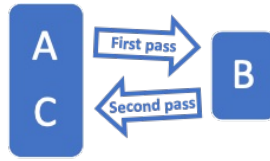
Evaluate  $25^{\frac{1}{\log(25)}}$ . (Note: Logarithm is base 10.)

**A3.**

Evaluate  $25^{\frac{1}{\log(25)}}$ . (Note: Logarithm is base 10.)

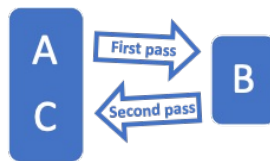


# Question A4



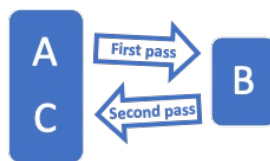
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# Question A4



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# Question A4



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**A4.**

The function  $f(x) = x^2e^x$  has inflection points  $(a, y_1)$  and  $(b, y_2)$ .

Find the value of  $a \cdot b$ .

**A4.**

The function  $f(x) = x^2e^x$  has inflection points  $(a, y_1)$  and  $(b, y_2)$ .

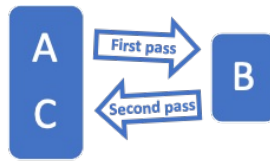
Find the value of  $a \cdot b$ .

**A4.**

The function  $f(x) = x^2e^x$  has inflection points  $(a, y_1)$  and  $(b, y_2)$ .

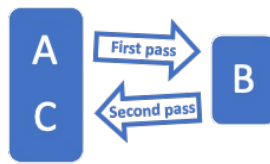
Find the value of  $a \cdot b$ .

# Question A5



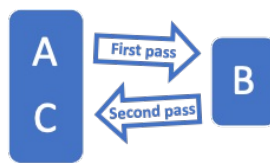
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# Question A5



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# Question A5



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**A5.**

The product of the positive divisors of 100 is  $10^N$ . What is the value of  $N$ ?

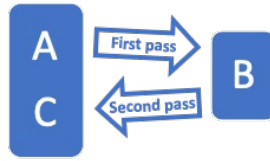
**A5.**

The product of the positive divisors of 100 is  $10^N$ . What is the value of  $N$ ?

**A5.**

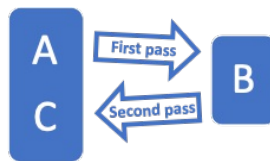
The product of the positive divisors of 100 is  $10^N$ . What is the value of  $N$ ?

# Question A6



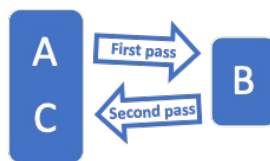
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# Question A6



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# Question A6



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**A6.**

On a recent test on basic knowledge, the average score for girls was 90, while the average score for boys was 84. The average score for the entire group was 88. If  $\frac{1}{N}$  was the fraction of the group that were boys, find  $N$ .

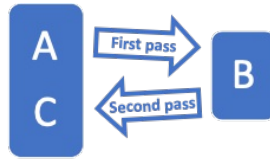
**A6.**

On a recent test on basic knowledge, the average score for girls was 90, while the average score for boys was 84. The average score for the entire group was 88. If  $\frac{1}{N}$  was the fraction of the group that were boys, find  $N$ .

**A6.**

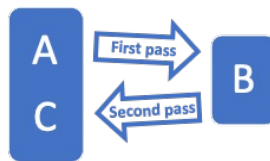
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# Question A7



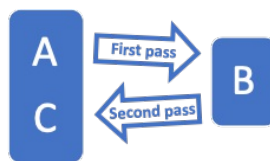
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# Question A7



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# Question A7



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**A7.**

Given that  $\log(6!) = a \log(2) + b \log(3) + c \log(5)$ , find  $a + b + c$ .

**A7.**

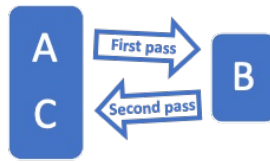
Given that  $\log(6!) = a \log(2) + b \log(3) + c \log(5)$ , find  $a + b + c$ .

**A7.**

Given that  $\log(6!) = a \log(2) + b \log(3) + c \log(5)$ , find  $a + b + c$ .

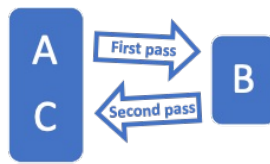


# Question A8



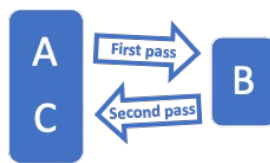
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# Question A8



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# Question A8



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**A8.**

Find the sum of the real roots to  $x^2 + 1 = 5|x + 3|$ .

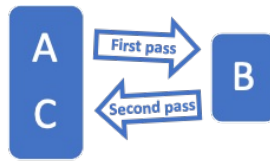
**A8.**

Find the sum of the real roots to  $x^2 + 1 = 5|x + 3|$ .

**A8.**

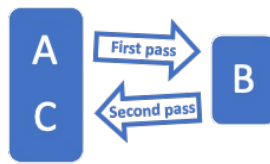
Find the sum of the real roots to  $x^2 + 1 = 5|x + 3|$ .

# Question A9



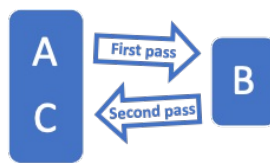
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# Question A9



Do not turn over until instructed to do so

# Question A9



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**A9.**

Find the product of the roots of  $(4^x - 8)^2 + (8^x - 4)^2 = (4^x + 8^x - 12)^2$ .

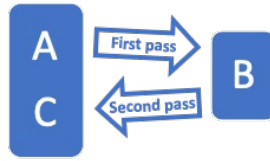
**A9.**

Find the product of the roots of  $(4^x - 8)^2 + (8^x - 4)^2 = (4^x + 8^x - 12)^2$ .

**A9.**

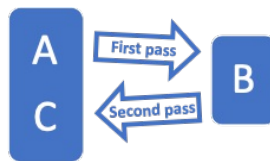
Find the product of the roots of  $(4^x - 8)^2 + (8^x - 4)^2 = (4^x + 8^x - 12)^2$ .

# Question A10



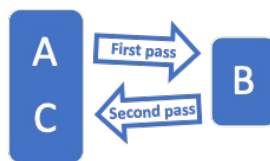
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# Question A10



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# Question A10



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**A10.**

The distance between the points of intersection of  $f(x) = x^2 + x$  and  $g(x) = 3x + 4$  can be written as  $10\sqrt{a}$ . Find the value of  $a$ .

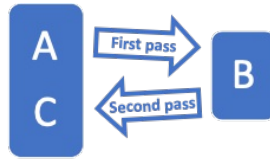
**A10.**

The distance between the points of intersection of  $f(x) = x^2 + x$  and  $g(x) = 3x + 4$  can be written as  $10\sqrt{a}$ . Find the value of  $a$ .

**A10.**

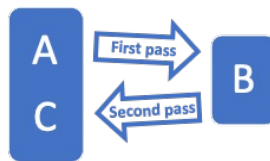
The distance between the points of intersection of  $f(x) = x^2 + x$  and  $g(x) = 3x + 4$  can be written as  $10\sqrt{a}$ . Find the value of  $a$ .

# Question A11



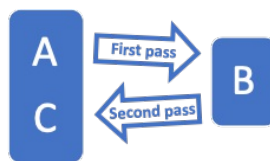
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# Question A11



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# Question A11



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**A11.**

Consider the sequence  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  such that  
 $a_1 = 3, a_2 = 7, a_3 = 4$ , and  $a_{n+1} = a_n - a_{n-1}$ , for all  $n \geq 2$ .

Find  $a_{2023}$

**A11.**

Consider the sequence  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  such that  
 $a_1 = 3, a_2 = 7, a_3 = 4$ , and  $a_{n+1} = a_n - a_{n-1}$ , for all  $n \geq 2$ .

Find  $a_{2023}$

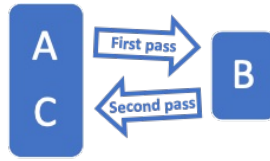
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Consider the sequence  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  such that  
 $a_1 = 3, a_2 = 7, a_3 = 4$ , and  $a_{n+1} = a_n - a_{n-1}$ , for all  $n \geq 2$ .

Find  $a_{2023}$

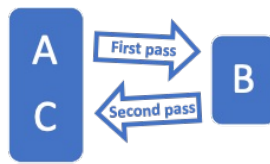


# Question A12



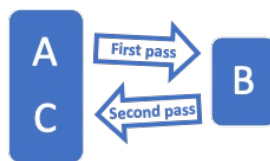
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# Question A12



Do not turn over until instructed to do so

# Question A12



Do not turn over until instructed to do so

**A12.**

Find the remainder when  $2^{100}$  is divided by 13.

---

**A12.**

Find the remainder when  $2^{100}$  is divided by 13.

---

**A12.**

Find the remainder when  $2^{100}$  is divided by 13.

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